

## Complex analysis qualifying exam, August 2014.

1. Give the statements of

- (a) Runge's Theorem;
- (b) Schwarz' Lemma.

2. a) Find and classify all isolated singularities of

$$f(z) = \frac{z^2(z - \pi)}{\sin^2 z} \quad \text{and} \quad g(z) = (z^2 - 1) \cos \frac{1}{z - 1}.$$

b) Find the residue of  $f$  at  $z = 2\pi$  and the residue of  $g$  at  $z = 1$ .

3. Let  $u$  be a bounded harmonic function in the first quadrant  $\Omega = \{\Re z > 0, \Im z > 0\}$ . Suppose that the limit

$$\lim_{z \rightarrow \xi, z \in \Omega} u(z)$$

is equal to 1 for all  $\xi \in (0, 1)$  and is equal to 0 for all  $\xi \in \partial\Omega \setminus [0, 1]$ . Find  $u\left(\frac{1+i}{\sqrt{2}}\right)$ .

4. Let  $f$  be an entire function. Suppose that  $f$  satisfies

$$|f(x + iy)| \leq \frac{1}{|y|}$$

for all  $x, y \in \mathbb{R}$ . Prove that  $f$  is identically zero.

5. Find a formula for a conformal map from  $D_1$  to  $D_2$ , where  $D_1$  is the unit disk with a slit,  $D_1 = \{|z| < 1, z \notin [1/2, 1]\}$ , and  $D_2$  is the strip  $D_2 = \{|\Re z| < 1\}$ .

6. Prove that if  $0 < |z| < 1$ , then  $\frac{1}{4}|z| < |1 - e^z| < \frac{7}{4}|z|$ .

7. Prove that the equation

$$az^3 - z + b = e^{-z}(z + 2)$$

has two solutions in the right half-plane  $\{\Re z > 0\}$  when  $a > 0$  and  $b > 2$ .

8. Let  $f$  be a bounded analytic function in the upper half-plane  $\mathbb{C}_+$ . Suppose that

$$f(in) = e^{-n}$$

for all  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ . Find  $f(1 + i)$ . (You need to explain why the value that you found is the only possible.)

9. Let  $f_n : \mathbb{D} \rightarrow \mathbb{D}$  be a sequence of holomorphic functions in the unit disk  $\mathbb{D}$ . Suppose that  $f_n(z) \rightarrow 1$  for some  $z \in \mathbb{D}$ . Prove that then  $f_n$  converges to 1 normally in  $\mathbb{D}$ .

10. Suppose that  $f$  is an entire function, and  $g$  is a holomorphic function in the punctured disk  $\{z \in \mathbb{C} : 0 < |z| < 1\}$ . If the composite function  $f \circ g$  has a simple pole at the origin, then what can you deduce about the functions  $f$  and  $g$ ?